

**EMPLOYMENT APPEALS BOARD DECISION**  
**2023-EAB-0086**

*Reversed & Remanded*

**PROCEDURAL HISTORY:** On March 9, 2022, the Oregon Employment Department (the Department) served notice of an administrative decision concluding that claimant voluntarily quit work without good cause and therefore was disqualified from receiving unemployment insurance benefits effective December 12, 2021 (decision # 152143). Claimant filed a timely request for hearing. On December 15, 2022, ALJ Ainardi conducted a hearing that was interpreted in Vietnamese, and on December 23, 2022 issued Order No. 22-UI-210874, affirming decision # 152143. On January 11, 2023, claimant filed an application for review with the Employment Appeals Board (EAB).

**WRITTEN ARGUMENT:** Claimant did not declare that she provided a copy of her argument to the opposing party as required by OAR 471-041-0080(2)(a) (May 13, 2019). The argument also contained information that was not part of the hearing record, and did not show that factors or circumstances beyond claimant's reasonable control prevented her from offering the information during the hearing as required by OAR 471-041-0090 (May 13, 2019). EAB considered only information received into evidence at the hearing when reaching this decision. *See* ORS 657.275(2).

The parties may offer new information, such as the additional information included with claimant's written argument, into evidence at the remand hearing. At that time, it will be determined if the new information will be admitted into the record. The parties must follow the instructions on the notice of the remand hearing regarding documents they wish to have considered at the hearing. These instructions will direct the parties to provide copies of such documents to the ALJ and the other parties in advance of the hearing at their addresses as shown on the certificate of mailing for the notice of hearing.

**FINDINGS OF FACT:** (1) Aclaryn Plastics, Inc. employed claimant as a production worker from March 1, 2006 until December 13, 2021. The employer paid claimant \$16.00 per hour, and claimant typically worked 35 to 40 hours per week.

(2) Prior to December 2, 2022, claimant sought employment with a food production company. Claimant was required to pass a drug screen and background check before the employer offered her a job, and she did so.

(3) On December 2, 2021, the food production company offered claimant a job which was to start on December 21, 2021. The job was 40 hours per week, paid \$18.25 per hour, and was a permanent position. Claimant accepted the position that day. The same day, claimant gave the employer notice of her intent to resign effective December 13, 2021.

(4) On December 13, 2021, claimant completed her last shift for the employer, and then resigned.

(5) On December 21, 2021, claimant began work with the food production company as planned.

**CONCLUSIONS AND REASONS:** Order No. 22-UI-210874 is set aside and this matter remanded for further development of the record.

A claimant who leaves work voluntarily is disqualified from the receipt of benefits unless they prove, by a preponderance of the evidence, that they had good cause for leaving work when they did. ORS 657.176(2)(c); *Young v. Employment Department*, 170 Or App 752, 13 P3d 1027 (2000). “Good cause . . . is such that a reasonable and prudent person of normal sensitivity, exercising ordinary common sense, would leave work.” OAR 471-030-0038(4) (September 22, 2020). “[T]he reason must be of such gravity that the individual has no reasonable alternative but to leave work.” OAR 471-030-0038(4). The standard is objective. *McDowell v. Employment Department*, 348 Or 605, 612, 236 P3d 722 (2010). A claimant who quits work must show that no reasonable and prudent person would have continued to work for their employer for an additional period of time.

A claimant who leaves work to accept an offer of other work “has left work with good cause only if the offer is definite and the work is to begin in the shortest length of time as can be deemed reasonable under the individual circumstances. Furthermore, the offered work must reasonably be expected to continue, and must pay [either] an amount equal to or in excess of the weekly benefit amount; or an amount greater than the work left.” OAR 471-030-0038(5)(a).

Claimant voluntarily quit work on December 13, 2021 in order to accept an offer of other work that began on December 21, 2021. The order under review concluded that this did not constitute good cause for voluntarily quitting because, although claimant met all of the other factors required by OAR 471-030-0038(5)(a), she did not begin work in the shortest length of time as can be deemed reasonable under the individual circumstances because the gap between the two jobs was the result of claimant going on vacation. Order No. 22-UI-210874 at 3. The record as developed does not support this conclusion.

At hearing, claimant explained that she only worked for the employer through December 13, 2021, rather than working up until the start date of her new job, because of “down time with Christmas and New Year,” and because she “took vacation before [she went] to work for the new job.” Transcript at 5. No further information regarding the delay between the work separation and the start of the new job was offered or elicited at the hearing.

When an individual voluntarily quits to accept other work and does not start the new job immediately, OAR 471-030-0038(5)(a) requires an analysis of the reasonableness of the *individual circumstances* that caused the delay. Particularly given the fact that the hearing was interpreted, it is possible that claimant’s brief statement required further explanation to understand the context under which the delay occurred. Here, while claimant apparently took a vacation during part of that time, it is not clear from the record

when she last took a vacation from work (if ever) during her 15-year tenure with the employer and what the purpose of claimant's trip was. Additionally, further development of the record is necessary to determine if claimant's statement regarding "down time with Christmas and New Year" was meant to indicate that the employer had curtailed production around the winter holidays, such that there would have been little or no work for claimant during that time. The ALJ should also inquire as to whether family obligations or other factors impacted claimant's decision to leave work when she did.

ORS 657.270 requires the ALJ to give all parties a reasonable opportunity for a fair hearing. That obligation necessarily requires the ALJ to ensure that the record developed at the hearing shows a full and fair inquiry into the facts necessary for consideration of all issues properly before the ALJ in a case. ORS 657.270(3); *see accord Dennis v. Employment Division*, 302 Or 160, 728 P2d 12 (1986). Because further development of the record is necessary for a determination of whether claimant voluntarily quit work with good cause, Order No. 22-UI-210874 is reversed, and this matter is remanded.

**DECISION:** Order No. 22-UI-210874 is set aside, and this matter remanded for further proceedings consistent with this order.

D. Hettle and A. Steger-Bentz;  
S. Serres, not participating.

**DATE of Service:** March 7, 2023

**NOTE:** The failure of any party to appear at the hearing on remand will not reinstate Order No. 22-UI-210874 or return this matter to EAB. Only a timely application for review of the subsequent order will cause this matter to return to EAB.

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# Understanding Your Employment Appeals Board Decision

## English

Attention – This decision affects your unemployment benefits. If you do not understand this decision, contact the Employment Appeals Board immediately. If you do not agree with this decision, you may file a Petition for Judicial Review with the Oregon Court of Appeals following the instructions written at the end of the decision.

## Simplified Chinese

注意 – 本判決會影響您的失業救濟金。如果您不明白本判決，請立即聯繫就業上訴委員會。如果您不同意此判決，您可以按照該判決結尾所寫的說明，向俄勒岡州上訴法院提出司法複審申請。

## Traditional Chinese

注意 – 本判決會影響您的失業救濟金。如果您不明白本判決，請立即聯繫就業上訴委員會。如果您不同意此判決，您可以按照該判決結尾所寫的說明，向俄勒岡州上訴法院提出司法複審申請。

## Tagalog

Paalala – Nakakaapekto ang desisyong ito sa iyong mga benepisyo sa pagkawala ng trabaho. Kung hindi mo naiintindihan ang desisyong ito, makipag-ugnayan kaagad sa Lupon ng mga Apela sa Trabaho (Employment Appeals Board). Kung hindi ka sumasang-ayon sa desisyong ito, maaari kang maghain ng isang Petisyon sa Pagsusuri ng Hukuman (Petition for Judicial Review) sa Hukuman sa Paghahabol (Court of Appeals) ng Oregon na sinusunod ang mga tagubilin na nakasulat sa dulo ng desisyon.

## Vietnamese

Chú ý - Quyết định này ảnh hưởng đến trợ cấp thất nghiệp của quý vị. Nếu quý vị không hiểu quyết định này, hãy liên lạc với Ban Kháng Cáo Việc Làm ngay lập tức. Nếu quý vị không đồng ý với quyết định này, quý vị có thể nộp Đơn Xin Tái Xét Tư Pháp với Tòa Kháng Cáo Oregon theo các hướng dẫn được viết ra ở cuối quyết định này.

## Spanish

Atención – Esta decisión afecta sus beneficios de desempleo. Si no entiende esta decisión, comuníquese inmediatamente con la Junta de Apelaciones de Empleo. Si no está de acuerdo con esta decisión, puede presentar una Aplicación de Revisión Judicial ante el Tribunal de Apelaciones de Oregon siguiendo las instrucciones escritas al final de la decisión.

## Russian

Внимание – Данное решение влияет на ваше пособие по безработице. Если решение Вам непонятно – немедленно обратитесь в Апелляционный Комитет по Трудоустройству. Если Вы не согласны с принятым решением, вы можете подать Ходатайство о Пересмотре Судебного Решения в Апелляционный Суд штата Орегон, следуя инструкциям, описанным в конце решения.

**Khmer**

ចំណុចសំខាន់ – សេចក្តីសម្រេចនេះមានផលប៉ះពាល់ដល់អត្ថប្រយោជន៍គ្មានការងារធ្វើរបស់លោកអ្នក។ ប្រសិនបើលោកអ្នកមិនយល់អំពីសេចក្តីសម្រេចនេះ សូមទាក់ទងគណៈកម្មការឧទ្ធរណ៍ការងារភ្លាមៗ។ ប្រសិនបើលោកអ្នកមិនយល់ស្របចំពោះសេចក្តីសម្រេចនេះទេ លោកអ្នកអាចដាក់ពាក្យប្តឹងសុំឲ្យមានការពិនិត្យរឿងក្តីឡើងវិញជាមួយតុលាការឧទ្ធរណ៍រដ្ឋ Oregon ដោយអនុវត្តតាមសេចក្តីណែនាំដែលសរសេរនៅខាងចុងបញ្ចប់នៃសេចក្តីសម្រេចនេះ។

**Laotian**

ເອົາໃຈໃສ່ – ຄໍາຕັດສິນນີ້ມີຜົນກະທົບຕໍ່ກັບເງິນຊ່ວຍເຫຼືອການຫວ່າງງານຂອງທ່ານ. ຖ້າທ່ານບໍ່ເຂົ້າໃຈຄໍາຕັດສິນນີ້, ກະລຸນາຕິດຕໍ່ຫາຄະນະກຳມະການອຸທອນການຈ້າງງານໃນທັນທີ. ຖ້າທ່ານບໍ່ເຫັນດີນໍາຄໍາຕັດສິນນີ້, ທ່ານສາມາດຍື່ນຄໍາຮ້ອງຂໍການທົບທວນຄໍາຕັດສິນນໍາສານອຸທອນລັດ Oregon ໄດ້ໂດຍປະຕິບັດຕາມຄໍາແນະນໍາທີ່ບອກໄວ້ຢູ່ຕອນທ້າຍຂອງຄໍາຕັດສິນນີ້.

**Arabic**

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**Farsi**

توجه - این حکم بر مزایای بیکاری شما تاثیر می گذارد. اگر با این تصمیم موافق نیستید، بلافاصله با هیأت فرجام خواهی استخدام تماس بگیرید. اگر از این حکم رضایت ندارید، می‌توانید با استفاده از دستور العمل موجود در پایان آن، از دادگاه تجدید نظر اورگان درخواست تجدید نظر کنید.

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