

EMPLOYMENT APPEALS BOARD DECISION
2021-EAB-0047

Affirmed
Disqualification

PROCEDURAL HISTORY: On November 10, 2020, the Oregon Employment Department (the Department) served notice of an administrative decision concluding claimant quit work without good cause and was disqualified from receiving unemployment insurance benefits effective December 1, 2019 (decision # 130311). Claimant filed a timely request for hearing. On December 29, 2020, ALJ Janzen conducted a hearing, and on December 30, 2020, issued Order No. 20-UI-158374, affirming the Department's decision. On January 19, 2021, claimant filed an application for review with the Employment Appeals Board (EAB).

FINDINGS OF FACT: (1) Clear Choice Windows and Doors employed claimant as a window installer from September 18, 2019 until December 7, 2019.

(2) Claimant suffered from an addiction, and during his employment, was engaged in treatment for his addiction.

(3) The employer was owned by MS and had a Human Resources (HR) department, managed by another individual, both of whom were accessible to employees. The HR manager emphasized to new employees in their orientation that the employer had an "open-door policy" and encouraged employees to speak with either the owner or the HR manager if the employee encountered any issues they wished to discuss. Transcript at 25.

(4) The employer assigned its window installers to teams. From the outset of claimant's employment, the employer assigned claimant to work with a particular lead installer, whom claimant considered "timid." Transcript at 6. Claimant considered it difficult for him to learn from his lead installer because he did not "exert" himself when he attempted to train claimant on window installation techniques. Transcript at 6. Consequently, claimant believed he was not being adequately trained, which caused him stress and concern that he might relapse to manage his stress. Although claimant told his lead installer that he was feeling overwhelmed by his training, claimant never discussed his concerns with the owner or the HR manager.

(5) On December 7, 2019, claimant worked with his lead installer on a weekend job that involved the replacement of large, unusually shaped windows within a brick exterior. At one point during the job, MS drove to the jobsite to see how it was going. He spoke with both the lead and claimant, who offered what MS considered a “really good” suggestion about how to install a particular window within the brick exterior. Transcript at 24. After MS left, claimant’s lead installer expressed difficulty figuring out how to finish the installation to claimant. At that point, claimant told him, “I can’t do this...we’re not learning, we’re...both in over our head,” to which the lead replied, “Yeah, dude, I get it.” Transcript at 7-8. Claimant felt “overwhelmed,” and concluded, “I can’t work 10, 12 hours days like not knowing what I’m doing.” Transcript at 8. Before the job was completed, claimant walked off and quit.

CONCLUSIONS AND REASONS: Claimant voluntarily quit work without good cause.

A claimant who leaves work voluntarily is disqualified from the receipt of benefits unless they prove, by a preponderance of the evidence, that they had good cause for leaving work when they did. ORS 657.176(2)(c); *Young v. Employment Department*, 170 Or App 752, 13 P3d 1027 (2000). “Good cause . . . is such that a reasonable and prudent person of normal sensitivity, exercising ordinary common sense, would leave work.” OAR 471-030-0038(4) (September 22, 2020). “[T]he reason must be of such gravity that the individual has no reasonable alternative but to leave work.” OAR 471-030-0038(4). The standard is objective. *McDowell v. Employment Department*, 348 Or 605, 612, 236 P3d 722 (2010). Claimant was being treated for an addiction, arguably a permanent or long-term “physical or mental impairment” as defined at 29 CFR §1630.2(h). A claimant with an impairment who quits work must show that no reasonable and prudent person with the characteristics and qualities of an individual with such an impairment would have continued to work for their employer for an additional period of time.

Claimant quit work on December 7, 2019 because, while working on a difficult job with his lead installer, claimant felt “overwhelmed” with the feeling of “not knowing what I’m doing” after telling his lead, “I can’t do this...we’re not learning, we’re...both in over our head,” which his lead essentially admitted. Claimant had received treatment for addictions and was justifiably concerned about the possibility of a relapse in reaction to the stress he was experiencing due to working with his assigned lead. However, claimant admitted at hearing that he respected MS and felt that he could have gone to him over his belief that his lead was “in over [his] head” and that it was difficult for claimant to learn from him due to his lead’s personality. Transcript at 14, 17. MS asserted that he respected claimant and that if claimant had approached him with his concerns he “would have attempted, by any way, shape or form, to accommodate whatever his concerns were.” Transcript at 27. Viewing the record as a whole, claimant failed to show that no reasonable and prudent employee with the characteristics and qualities of an individual with claimant’s impairment would have pursued the alternative of discussing claimant’s difficulty with his assigned lead, requested that he be assigned to another lead and continued to work for the employer for an additional period of time.

Claimant quit work without good cause and is disqualified from receiving unemployment insurance benefits effective December 1, 2019 and until he has earned at least four times his weekly benefit amount from work in subject employment.

DECISION: Order No. 20-UI-158374 is affirmed.

S. Alba and D. P. Hettle.

DATE of Service: February 22, 2021

NOTE: This decision denies payment of your Unemployment Insurance (UI) benefits.

However, you may be eligible for Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA) benefits for the period you are not eligible for other benefits as long as you are unable to work, unavailable for work, or unemployed due to the COVID-19 public health emergency. PUA is a new unemployment benefits program available through the Oregon Employment Department in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Visit <https://unemployment.oregon.gov> for more information, to apply for PUA, or to contact the Oregon Employment Department using the “Contact Us” form. You can also apply for PUA by calling 1-833-410-1004, but please be aware that the PUA staff cannot answer questions about this decision that denies payment of regular Unemployment Insurance (UI) benefits.

NOTE: You may appeal this decision by filing a Petition for Judicial Review with the Oregon Court of Appeals within 30 days of the date of service listed above. *See* ORS 657.282. For forms and information, you may write to the Oregon Court of Appeals, Records Section, 1163 State Street, Salem, Oregon 97310 or visit the Court of Appeals website at courts.oregon.gov. Once on the website, use the ‘search’ function to search for ‘petition for judicial review employment appeals board’. A link to the forms and information will be among the search results.

Please help us improve our service by completing an online customer service survey. To complete the survey, please go to <https://www.surveygizmo.com/s3/5552642/EAB-Customer-Service-Survey>. You can access the survey using a computer, tablet, or smartphone. If you are unable to complete the survey online and need a paper copy of the survey, please contact our office.



Understanding Your Employment Appeals Board Decision

English

Attention – This decision affects your unemployment benefits. If you do not understand this decision, contact the Employment Appeals Board immediately. If you do not agree with this decision, you may file a Petition for Judicial Review with the Oregon Court of Appeals following the instructions written at the end of the decision.

Simplified Chinese

注意 – 本判決會影響您的失業救濟金。如果您不明白本判決，請立即聯繫就業上訴委員會。如果您不同意此判決，您可以按照該判決結尾所寫的說明，向俄勒岡州上訴法院提出司法複審申請。

Traditional Chinese

注意 – 本判決會影響您的失業救濟金。如果您不明白本判決，請立即聯繫就業上訴委員會。如果您不同意此判決，您可以按照該判決結尾所寫的說明，向俄勒岡州上訴法院提出司法複審申請。

Tagalog

Paalala – Nakakaapekto ang desisyong ito sa iyong mga benepisyo sa pagkawala ng trabaho. Kung hindi mo naiintindihan ang desisyong ito, makipag-ugnayan kaagad sa Lupon ng mga Apela sa Trabaho (Employment Appeals Board). Kung hindi ka sumasang-ayon sa desisyong ito, maaari kang maghain ng isang Petisyon sa Pagsusuri ng Hukuman (Petition for Judicial Review) sa Hukuman sa Paghahabol (Court of Appeals) ng Oregon na sinusunod ang mga tagubilin na nakasulat sa dulo ng desisyong ito.

Vietnamese

Chú ý - Quyết định này ảnh hưởng đến trợ cấp thất nghiệp của quý vị. Nếu quý vị không hiểu quyết định này, hãy liên lạc với Ban Kháng Cáo Việc Làm ngay lập tức. Nếu quý vị không đồng ý với quyết định này, quý vị có thể nộp Đơn Xin Tái Xét Tư Pháp với Tòa Kháng Cáo Oregon theo các hướng dẫn được viết ra ở cuối quyết định này.

Spanish

Atención – Esta decisión afecta sus beneficios de desempleo. Si no entiende esta decisión, comuníquese inmediatamente con la Junta de Apelaciones de Empleo. Si no está de acuerdo con esta decisión, puede presentar una Aplicación de Revisión Judicial ante el Tribunal de Apelaciones de Oregon siguiendo las instrucciones escritas al final de la decisión.

Russian

Внимание – Данное решение влияет на ваше пособие по безработице. Если решение Вам непонятно – немедленно обратитесь в Апелляционный Комитет по Трудоустройству. Если Вы не согласны с принятым решением, вы можете подать Ходатайство о Пересмотре Судебного Решения в Апелляционный Суд штата Орегон, следуя инструкциям, описанным в конце решения.

Khmer

ចំណុចសំខាន់ – សេចក្តីសម្រេចនេះមានផលប៉ះពាល់ដល់អត្ថប្រយោជន៍គ្មានការងារធ្វើរបស់លោកអ្នក។ ប្រសិនបើលោកអ្នកមិនយល់អំពីសេចក្តីសម្រេចនេះ សូមទាក់ទងគណៈកម្មការឧទ្ធរណ៍ការងារភ្លាមៗ។ ប្រសិនបើលោកអ្នកមិនយល់ស្របចំពោះសេចក្តីសម្រេចនេះទេ លោកអ្នកអាចដាក់ពាក្យប្តឹងសុំឲ្យមានការពិនិត្យរឿងក្តីឡើងវិញជាមួយតុលាការឧទ្ធរណ៍រដ្ឋ Oregon ដោយអនុវត្តតាមសេចក្តីណែនាំដែលសរសេរនៅខាងចុងបញ្ចប់នៃសេចក្តីសម្រេចនេះ។

Laotian

ເອົາໃຈໃສ່ – ຄຳຕັດສິນນີ້ມີຜົນກະທົບຕໍ່ກັບເງິນຊ່ວຍເຫຼືອການຫວ່າງງານຂອງທ່ານ. ຖ້າທ່ານບໍ່ເຂົ້າໃຈຄຳຕັດສິນນີ້, ກະລຸນາຕິດຕໍ່ຫາຄະນະກຳມະການອຸທອນການຈ້າງງານໃນທັນທີ. ຖ້າທ່ານບໍ່ເຫັນດີນຳຄຳຕັດສິນນີ້, ທ່ານສາມາດຍື່ນຄຳຮ້ອງຂໍການທົບທວນຄຳຕັດສິນນຳສານອຸທອນລັດ Oregon ໄດ້ ໂດຍປະຕິບັດຕາມຄຳແນະນຳທີ່ບອກໄວ້ຢູ່ຕອນທ້າຍຂອງຄຳຕັດສິນນີ້.

Arabic

هذا القرار قد يؤثر على منحة البطالة الخاصة بك، إذا لم تفهم هذا القرار، إتصل بمجلس منازعات العمل فوراً، و إذا كنت لا توافق على هذا القرار، يمكنك رفع شكوى للمراجعة القانونية بمحكمة الاستئناف بأوريغون و ذلك بإتباع الإرشادات المدرجة أسفل القرار.

Farsi

توجه - این حکم بر مزایای بیکاری شما تاثیر می گذارد. اگر با این تصمیم موافق نیستید، بلافاصله با هیأت فرجام خواهی استخدام تماس بگیرید. اگر از این حکم رضایت ندارید، می‌توانید با استفاده از دستور العمل موجود در پایان آن، از دادگاه تجدید نظر اورگان درخواست تجدید نظر کنید.

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El Departamento de Empleo de Oregon es un programa que respeta la igualdad de oportunidades. Disponemos de servicios o ayudas auxiliares, formatos alternos y asistencia de idiomas para personas con discapacidades o conocimiento limitado del inglés, a pedido y sin costo.