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State of Oregon **Employment Appeals Board** 875 Union St. N.E. Salem, OR 97311

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EMPLOYMENT APPEALS BOARD DECISION 2019-EAB-0433

Reversed & Remanded

PROCEDURAL HISTORY: On March 19, 2019, the Oregon Employment Department (the Department) served notice of an administrative decision concluding claimant voluntarily left work without good cause (decision # 160719). Claimant filed a timely request for hearing. On April 9, 2019 and April 11, 2019, ALJ Janzen conducted a hearing, and on April 16, 2019 issued Order No. 19-UI-128263, affirming the Department's decision. On May 3, 2019, claimant filed an application for review with the Employment Appeals Board (EAB).

Claimant's May 3rd and May 17th arguments contained information that were not part of the hearing record, and did not show that factors or circumstances beyond claimant's reasonable control prevented her from offering the information during the hearing. Under ORS 657.275(2) and OAR 471-041-0090 (May 13, 2019), EAB considered only information received into evidence at the hearing when reaching this decision. Claimant may at her discretion offer the additional evidence into the record at the remand hearing; if claimant intends to provide documentary evidence on remand, she should ensure she is in compliance with Office of Administrative Hearing (OAH) rules set forth in the notice of hearing, or contact OAH for information about how to submit documents for inclusion in the hearing record.

CONCLUSIONS AND REASONS: Order No. 19-UI-128263 should be reversed, and this matter remanded.

Order No. 19-UI-128263 concluded that claimant voluntarily left work without good cause. Order No. 19-UI-128263 at 3-4. However, additional evidence is needed to make a determination.

If the employee could have continued to work for the same employer for an additional period of time, the work separation is a voluntary leaving. OAR 471-030-0038(2)(a) (December 23, 2018). If the

employee is willing to continue to work for the same employer for an additional period of time but is not allowed to do so by the employer, the separation is a discharge. OAR 471-030-0038(2)(b).

Order No. 19-UI-128263 stated that the reason claimant was deemed to have left work was that she left the workplace on February 18th and did not return despite the employer having "afforded [her] the opportunity," and claimant "acknowledged that she quit" the next day in an email. Order No. 19-UI-128263 at 3. However, the fact that claimant left the workplace when she did does not conclusively establish that she quit work, absent an inquiry as to the reason why claimant left. Nor does the email "acknowledge" that claimant quit without an inquiry into why she sent the email, and the reason(s) why she said in the email that she quit. Additional inquiry is therefore necessary to reach a conclusion about the nature of the work separation.

If the evidence on remand suggests claimant quit work, a claimant who leaves work voluntarily is disqualified from the receipt of benefits unless they prove, by a preponderance of the evidence, that they had good cause for leaving work when they did. ORS 657.176(2)(c); *Young v. Employment Department*, 170 Or App 752, 13 P3d 1027 (2000). "Good cause . . . is such that a reasonable and prudent person of normal sensitivity, exercising ordinary common sense, would leave work." OAR 471-030-0038(4). The standard is objective. *McDowell v. Employment Department*, 348 Or 605, 612, 236 P3d 722 (2010). A claimant who quits work must show that no reasonable and prudent person would have continued to work for their employer for an additional period of time.

Order No. 19-UI-128263 stated that the reasons claimant quit her job included the branch manager's request to meet with her on February 18th, and her feeling that the employer disrespected and discriminated against her, neither of which were grave situations. Order No. 19-UI-128263 at 3-4. However, the record was not fully developed as to the events of claimant's last day at work. For instance, claimant was not asked why she was yelling on the final day, why she yelled at the branch manager, or why she refused to go to the branch manager's office when she did. The record does not adequately show what text messages were exchanged, in what order, and what the parties thought had occurred as a result of the text messages. Nor was the record fully developed as to what the parties said to each other as claimant left work. Additionally, the record shows that immediately prior to claimant leaving the workplace the final day claimant had just received urgent medical care. However, the record does not show whether or how claimant's health issues at that time affected her behavior, state of mind, and decision-making processes. Absent an inquiry into the reasons why claimant guit, claimant quit with or without good cause.

If the record on remand shows that the employer discharged claimant, ORS 657.176(2)(a) requires a disqualification from unemployment insurance benefits if the employer discharged claimant for misconduct connected with work. OAR 471-030-0038(3)(a) defines misconduct, in relevant part, as a willful or wantonly negligent violation of the standards of behavior which an employer has the right to expect of an employee, or an act or series of actions that amount to a willful or wantonly negligent disregard of an employer's interest. OAR 471-030-0038(1)(c) defines wanton negligence, in relevant part, as indifference to the consequences of an act or series of actions, or a failure to act or a series of failures to act, where the individual acting or failing to act is conscious of his or her conduct and knew or should have known that his or her conduct would probably result in a violation of the standards of behavior which an employer has the right to expect of an employee. Isolated instances of poor judgment,

good faith errors, and absences due to illness or other physical or mental disabilities are not misconduct. OAR 471-030-0038(3)(b).

The record contains no evidence of a discharge inquiry. If the ALJ on remand determines that the employer discharged claimant, an inquiry as to whether or not the discharge was for misconduct must be conducted.

ORS 657.270 requires the ALJ to give all parties a reasonable opportunity for a fair hearing. That obligation necessarily requires the ALJ to ensure that the record developed at the hearing shows a full and fair inquiry into the facts necessary for consideration of all issues properly before the ALJ in a case. ORS 657.270(3); *see accord Dennis v. Employment Division,* 302 Or 160, 728 P2d 12 (1986). Because further development of the record is necessary for a determination in the case, Order No. 19-UI-128263 is reversed, and this matter is remanded.

DECISION: Order No. 19-UI-128263 is set aside, and this matter remanded for further proceedings consistent with this order.

J. S. Cromwell and S. Alba; D. P. Hettle, not participating.

DATE of Service: June 6, 2019

NOTE: The failure of any party to appear at the hearing on remand will not reinstate Order No. 19-UI-128263 or return this matter to EAB. Only a timely application for review of the subsequent order will cause this matter to return to EAB.

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Understanding Your Employment Appeals Board Decision

English

Attention – This decision affects your unemployment benefits. If you do not understand this decision, contact the Employment Appeals Board immediately. If you do not agree with this decision, you may file a Petition for Judicial Review with the Oregon Court of Appeals following the instructions written at the end of the decision.

Simplified Chinese

注意 – 本判决会影响您的失业救济金。如果您不明白本判决,请立即联系就业上诉委员会。如果您不同意此判决,您可以按照该判决结尾所写的说明,向俄勒冈州上诉法院提出司法复审申请。

Traditional Chinese

注意 – 本判決會影響您的失業救濟金。如果您不明白本判決,請立即聯繫就業上訴委員會。如果您不同意此判決,您可以按照該判決結尾所寫的說明,向俄勒岡州上訴法院提出司法複審申請。

Tagalog

Paalala – Nakakaapekto ang desisyong ito sa iyong mga benepisyo sa pagkawala ng trabaho. Kung hindi mo naiintindihan ang desisyong ito, makipag-ugnayan kaagad sa Lupon ng mga Apela sa Trabaho (Employment Appeals Board). Kung hindi ka sumasang-ayon sa desisyong ito, maaari kang maghain ng isang Petisyon sa Pagsusuri ng Hukuman (Petition for Judicial Review) sa Hukuman sa Paghahabol (Court of Appeals) ng Oregon na sinusunod ang mga tagubilin na nakasulat sa dulo ng desisyon.

Vietnamese

Chú ý - Quyết định này ảnh hưởng đến trợ cấp thất nghiệp của quý vị. Nếu quý vị không hiểu quyết định này, hãy liên lạc với Ban Kháng Cáo Việc Làm ngay lập tức. Nếu quý vị không đồng ý với quyết định này, quý vị có thể nộp Đơn Xin Tái Xét Tư Pháp với Tòa Kháng Cáo Oregon theo các hướng dẫn được viết ra ở cuối quyết định này.

Spanish

Atención – Esta decisión afecta sus beneficios de desempleo. Si no entiende esta decisión, comuníquese inmediatamente con la Junta de Apelaciones de Asuntos Laborales. Si no está de acuerdo con esta decisión, puede presentar una Petición de Revisión Judicial ante el Tribunal de Apelaciones de Oregon siguiendo las instrucciones escritas al final de la decisión.

Russian

Внимание – Данное решение влияет на ваше пособие по безработице. Если решение Вам непонятно – немедленно обратитесь в Апелляционный Комитет по Трудоустройству. Если Вы не согласны с принятым решением, вы можете подать Ходатайство о Пересмотре Судебного Решения в Апелляционный Судштата Орегон, следуя инструкциям, описанным в конце решения.

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Khmer

ចំណុចសំខាន់ – សេចក្តីសម្រេចនេះមានផលប៉ះពាល់ដល់អត្ថប្រយោជន៍គ្មានការងារធ្វើរបស់លោកអ្នក។ ប្រសិនបើលោកអ្នកមិន យល់អំពីសេចក្តីសម្រេចនេះ សូមទាក់ទងគណៈកម្មការឧទ្ធរណ៍ការងារភ្លាមៗ។ ប្រសិនបើលោកអ្នកមិនយល់ស្របចំពោះសេចក្តី សម្រេចនេះទេ លោកអ្នកអាចដាក់ពាក្យប្តឹងសុំឲ្យមានការពិនិត្យរឿងក្តីទ្បើងវិញជាមួយតុលារឧទ្ធរណ៍រដ្ឋ Oregon ដោយអនុវត្តតាម សេចក្តីណែនាំដែលសរសេរនៅខាងចុងបញ្ចប់នៃសេចក្តីសម្រេចនេះ។

Laotian

ເອົາໃຈໃສ່ – ຄຳຕັດສິນນີ້ມີຜືນກະທົບຕໍ່ກັບເງິນຊ່ວຍເຫຼືອການຫວ່າງງານຂອງທ່ານ. ຖ້າທ່ານບໍ່ເຂົ້າໃຈຄຳຕັດສິນນີ້, ກະລຸນາຕິດຕໍ່ຫາຄະນະກຳມະການ ອຸທອນການຈ້າງງານໃນທັນທີ. ຖ້າທ່ານບໍ່ເຫັນດີນຳຄຳຕັດສິນນີ້, ທ່ານສາມາດຍື່ນຄຳຮ້ອງຂໍການທົບທວນຄຳຕັດສິນນຳສານອຸທອນລັດ Oregon ໄດ້ ໂດຍປະຕິບັດຕາມຄຳແນະນຳທີ່ບອກໄວ້ຢູ່ຕອນທ້າຍຂອງຄຳຕັດສິນນີ້.

Arabic

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Farsi

توجه - این حکم بر مزایای بیکاری شما تاثیر می گذارد. اگر با این تصمیم موافق نیستید، بلافاصله با هیأت فرجام خواهی استخدام تماس بگیرید. اگر از این حکم رضایت ندارید، میتوانید با استفاده از دستور العمل موجود در پایان آن، از دادگاه تجدید نظر اورگان درخواست تجدید نظر کنید.

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